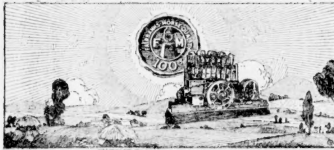


J. H. DIXON

Purity Flour 98lb	\$6.85	Minced meat, per lb	25c
Purity Flour, 49lb	\$3.50	Bacon Sides 1lb	55c
Graham Flour		Bacon P.M. Backs	
24 lb	\$1.70	per pound	60c
Wheatlets, 10's	80c	Hams, per lb	55c
Roll'd Oats, 20's	\$1.40	Blue Ribbon Tea	
Roll'd Oats, 8's	60c	per pound	70c
Oatmeal, 10's	75c	Blue Ribbon Coffee	
Corn Meal, 10's	75c	per 3 pounds	\$1.70
Sago, 1lb	15c	Red Rose Tea, 1b	70c
Tapioca, 2 lb	25c	Amber Coffee,	
Macaroni, 16 oz.	20c	per 3 pounds	\$1.70
Macaroni, 5 lb	90c	Fry's Cocoa 1-2 lb	35c
Spaghetti, 16 oz.	20c	Sugar 20 lbs	\$4.50
Minced meat 2lb	45c	Sugar, 100 lbs.	\$22.00

Ontario Cheese, per pound 40c
 No. 1 McIntosh Red Apples, per box \$4.25
 No. 2 Washington Winter Apples, per box \$3.75
 "Reds in now, Winter Apples in two weeks,
 Washington 2's, same grade as B.C. No. 1.

DALEMEAD



The biggest help on the farm

IN a short time you will find this plant is the biggest thing on your farm. Big in value—big in the amount of drudgery it saves—big in its labor-saving for your wife—big in the comfort and conveniences it makes possible—and big in its economy.

It is driven by the famous "Z" engine which permits of the greatest possible saving in power because you can utilize the full power of the engine to drive other machinery.

It is so simple a boy can run it. It requires little attention and seldom needs adjustment or repairs.

Runs six hours to the gallon of kerosene. Saves time, labor, and enough money to pay for itself.

Come in and see a demonstration, or send a card for catalogue which gives full information.

40-Light Plant
\$495
 F.O.B.
 Toronto

Fairbanks-Morse "F" Power & Light Plant

T. H. EVES, Agent, Strathmore

CARSELAND AGENT, — G. C. OLDHAM.

Get Ready for The 25th

1. Vote early and get out every prohibition vote on October 25th.
2. "SWEAR IN" your vote on election day if your name is not on the list and you are qualified to vote.

The Hog Situation

This fall's swift marked crop in the price of coarse grains will bring home wisdom of a steadier policy in livestock farming. The lack of a steady policy has just brought about a far reaching effect on our export bacon trade built up through thirty years of careful effort. During the comparatively short period when, in relation to grain prices, production was in an unfavorable position, farmers, especially in the West, by wholesale disposal, almost depleted the country of breeding stock.

The tragedy of this action lies in two things. During the war we had built up a great name and a keen demand for Canadian bacon. We secured a position overseas which would have been assured if supplies had been kept up. But real danger now is the loss of that market due to the more rapid recovery of other countries where farmers were far sighted enough to get back into the hog business after the war in spite of high feeding prices. To-day the Canadian farmer is faced with having on his hands a big crop of coarse grain at comparatively low price. It could be very profitably fed to hogs. Yet the hogs are not in the country to be fed.

Immediate action may yet save the situation. In every litter of hogs now being prepared for market there are two or three sows that would make excellent mothers. It is in this that the remedy may be found.

1. Let every farmer who wishes to bring his hog herds back to normal breed some of these this fall.
2. Let every farmer who depleted his breeding stock go to his neighbors and shipping stations where hogs are being loaded and pick out suitable sows for breeding this fall.

If this is done promptly and wisely losses will be rapidly replaced.

This foresight will result in small pigs next spring being restored to something approaching normal numbers.

By this securing and breeding sows this season the present great crop of grain may yet be turned to best advantage. Pigs coming in the spring of 1921 may be fed and partly finished on the big crop of 1920. It will mean the restoration of normal conditions in our hog production and, greatest of all the grains in the long run, it will by restoring the supply of meat to the export market before it is too late assure the future market overseas for our distinctive Canadian hog products.—Packer's Industrial Council.



Illustration by the Standard

ALBERTA
5 per cent. DEMAND SAVINGS CERTIFICATES



ALBERTA
6 per Cent. Gold Bonds

Not What You EARN . . . But What You SAVE!

- * Remember it is not what you earn but what you save that distinguishes you from the improvident.
- * You may require a little capital to purchase a business, a farm, or a home of your own or you may wish to give your children a fair start in life.
- * It is remarkable how quickly your savings accumulate when wisely invested.
- * Five per cent. Savings Certificates are issued in denominations of \$5, \$10, \$25, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$10,000 and are payable on demand.
- * Gold Bonds are issued in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable half yearly, 1st May and 1st November.
- * Here you have all the essentials of the highest class of investment—unimpeachable security, high interest returns, prompt payment of interest.

These Bonds may also be purchased through any recognized bank, bond house or insurance agency in the Province of Alberta.

Address all communications to Deputy Provincial Treasurer.

HON. C. R. MITCHELL,
 Provincial Treasurer.

W. V. NEWSON,
 Deputy Provincial Treasurer,
 Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, Alta.

FORGING

FOR NEAR A SCORE OF YEARS THE U.F.A. HAS BEEN FORGING AHEAD.

SOME MISTAKES HAVE BEEN MADE BUT THESE HAVE BEEN ERRORS IN METHOD ONLY—ALWAYS THE OBJECTIVE, CLEAR CUT, WELL-DEFINED HAS BEEN IN VIEW.

ORDER ALWAYS—BY A NEED ONLY TOO EVIDENT, AND BUILDING ORGANIZED STRENGTH ON ORGANIZED STRENGTH—STEADY, WELL ORDERED PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE.

LOOKING ALWAYS TO THE FUTURE—TO THE BUILDING OF A TRUE DEMOCRACY WHEREIN THE REAL WORKER WILL RECEIVE ADEQUATE REMUNERATION FOR HIS TOIL—CONSISTENTLY, WITHOUT FALTERING, THE CHAIN HAS BEEN FORGED LINK BY LINK.

THE ORGANIZATION HAS NOW REACHED A POINT WHERE ITS VERY STRENGTH ATTRACTS THE LOYALTY OF MANY MEN, BUT ITS TASK CANNOT BE COMPLETED UNTIL IT HAS THE ACTIVE SUPPORT OF THE RURAL POPULATION 100% STRONG.

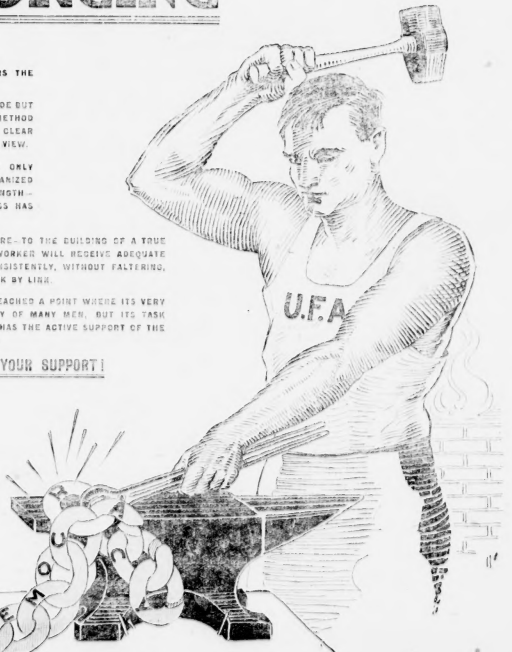
IT MUST HAVE YOUR SUPPORT!

ON NOV. 1 OR NOV. 2 A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ORGANIZATION WILL CALL UPON YOU.

WELCOME HIM.

HE WILL ASK FOR A CONTRIBUTION.

**BE PREPARED
 TO DO YOUR
 PART**



Strathmore's Departmental Store

Remove the Discrimination

Certain statements of fact contained in the recent decision by the Board of Railway Commissioners upon the application of the railway at Canada for largely increased freight, passenger and sleeping car rates call for serious consideration by the people of this country. The facts referred to are of vital concern to the people of the West, and they must be the active agents in forcing attention to them with a view to reform, but they are, in a broad national sense, matters of importance to the East as well as to the West.

It is not the intention of this article to discuss the merits of the case for increased rates that is a matter to be decided in the light of the costs of operation, wages paid, and costs of material used which the Railway Commission was well qualified to judge for itself. Apparently the Commissioners were thoroughly convinced that increased rates were fully justified and indeed a necessity if the railways were to be efficiently maintained.

But in granting increased rates the Railway Commission authorized a 40 per cent. increase in Eastern Canada and a 35 per cent. increase in Western Canada. In explanation of this difference between the East and the West, the Commissioners, in their judgment, pointed out that the existing rates were from 13 to 18 per cent. higher in West than in the East and they, therefore, authorized a five per cent. smaller advance in the West than in the East in order to partly remove the discrimination against the West which it was thus frankly admitted existed.

The action of the Commissioners was right so far as it went, but it did not go far enough. If discrimination against the citizens of any one section of this Dominion exists it is the duty of the Board of Railway Commissioners, as a national body, to endeavor to order for removal of that discrimination. One of the reasons for the creation of the Railway Commission was to put an end to discrimination rates in Canada and to see that even-handed justice was accorded to all.

The failure of duty on the part of the Railway Commission is also frankly admitted that costs of railway operation per ton or per car mile are lower in the West than in the East. If there is any justification whatever for a national administrative body to sanction discriminatory rates, then the lower rates should apply in the West where costs of the railway are lower, than that the East should enjoy the lower rates where the costs of operation are higher.

We hear a great deal these days in the nature of appeals to the Canadian people to develop a national spirit. They are urged, and rightly so, to think national rather than Provincial; to view national questions, problems and policies in a big way as they affect the whole country, rather than from a narrow, local, sectional standpoint. We national statesmen are urged to get together, and emphasis is laid on the necessity of closing the gap which unfortunately exists in sentiment and upon economic issues between the manufacturing and financial East and the agricultural West. Such appeals are all right and quite legitimate. It must be frankly recognized that the best interests of Canada demand the creation of a true national spirit and sentiment in order to promote the sound and rapid development of the Dominion. Such a spirit is absolutely essential to the making of a real nation. But nothing is to be gained by shouting our ears to the fact that identification of national sentiments is not possible so long as the people of one half of the country are made to suffer loss because of racial discrimination enforced against them by a national body which is supposed to know neither east nor west in the discharge of its administrative functions and powers.

If a Federal Government Commission admits that discrimination is practiced against one section of the Dominion, and it sanctions that discrimination, it is proceeding along a course which makes for division and effectively kills the movement for the development of a broad and sound national spirit. The inevitable effect of such action is to arouse a spirit of antagonism in the West against the East, and to give force to a renewal of the old demand for the division of the Railway Commission into two sections, one for the East and one for the West—something that is the reverse of national.

The feeling prevailing in the West that money Eastern people and interests look upon the West as a cow to be milked for their benefit, and that they have about as much regard for the West as they would have for a cow, is not altered but increased when a national body like the Board of Railway Commissioners authorize the perpetration of discriminatory rates against the West—a discrimination which by their own judgment they show to be incalled for upon any economic grounds and, therefore, really unjust and unfair.

In the interests, not of the West alone, but of all Canada in order that a real national spirit and a sense of nationhood may be developed, this discrimination should be removed once and for ever. It is the duty of Parliament to amend the Railway Act, if necessary, specifically forbidding any and all such discrimination.

Politics Costs Millions—Money is Well Spent.

It has been estimated that to say "please" in telegrams costs the people of Canada 1 million a year and the people of the United States 10 million a year. Whatever the cost, it is certainly certain that the money is well spent. It is notable that the best business firms take the greatest possible pains to use the forms of politeness in correspondence of all kinds. They recognize the fact that it is only good business to do so. Business men also prove the value of "I thank you," and "If you please," which, as the kindergarten rhyme has it, are "little keys" that "fit hearts open with ease." And what big business men do not find to be true to the point of small private relations would do well to remember, since interdependence is the law of all life.

Potatoes in the Potato Growing Industry in Manitoba.

In order to improve the potato growing industry in Manitoba, the provincial Department of Agriculture has prepared three thousand posters and distributed them to every post office in the province. The main points emphasized are: Purity of variety; restriction of varieties to the four distinct types, the Early Ohio type, Fish Cobble type, Beauty of Hebron type and Green Mountain type; production of the same type by all possible shippers at each local center; the present very high price of tubers and the keenness of demand for good "seed" potatoes; how a good many people to the possibility of the potato growing industry in Manitoba.

The Blended Flavors of wheat and malted barley, fully developed by twenty hours baking make Grape-Nuts

The Ideal Cereal
Ideal not only from a taste standpoint but because of easy digestibility, full nourishing worth, economy and ease of service.

At Grocers Everywhere

Tree 1,000 Years Old

Giant White Maple Measures Nine Feet at Base.

Chicago has a candidate for the Hall of Fame for trees. It is a giant white maple nine feet in circumference at the base, 80 feet high and estimated to be 1,000 years old.

The big maple stands in the Cook County forest preserve near Glenview. Ransome Kemnitz, chief forester of the preserve, who recently measured the tree and counted its age, found that, while the heart was dead, the exterior was sound and the tree capable of lasting many more years. So far as known, the tree is the oldest living thing in Illinois, according to Mr. Kemnitz.

Keep Smiling.

There is only one way to ward off care. Make your mind impossible to attack. Just as the germs of disease can make no impression on a healthy body, so little deeds of unhelpfulness are unable to thrust their malignant darts through an armor of cheerfulness. And remember that others will take heart from your example. The happier you are, the more happiness you create, and the greater is the share of happiness for everybody. —London Daily Express.

PALLID CHEEKS—MEAN ANAEMIA

New Health Can Be Obtained by Enriching the Blood Supply.

When a girl in her teens is commonplace, listless and dull, when nothing seems to interest her and dainties do not tempt her appetite you may be certain that she needs more good blood than her system is capable of producing. Before long her pallid cheeks, frequent headaches, and breathless breath and heart palpitation will convince her that she is anemic. More especially, the result of her own girlhood experience can promptly detect the early signs of anemia and she will not long wait for the doctor's trouble to develop further, but at once give her a good supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which restore the blood and give her a new health. Dr. Williams has obtained a hold on the system.

Out of the experience thousands of mothers know that anemia is the worst kind of war to wage against their children. They know the difference that good red blood makes in the development of womanly health. Every headache, every sleepless night that follows the children's capriciousness, every sick, every pain she suffers in her back and limbs are reproaches if they have not taken the best care of their own weak girl new blood, and the early signs of anemia are the first signs of the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

New, rich red blood, the system by every drop of these pills. From this new rich blood strength and long life are increased and potent, new energy, high spirits and prompt, smoothly developing intellect are the result. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and take them yourself and give your daughter the best influence in her better health.

Visit your dealer in medicine or by mail postpaid at 25¢ a box, Dr. Williams, Orange, N.J.

The Returned Soldier On the Farm

480,000 Acres in Southern Alberta Taken Up Under Soldier Settlement Board.

Two thousand returned soldier farmers, comprising 480,000 acres of land in Southern Alberta, have been placed by the Calgary branch of the Soldier Settlement Board since February, 1919, according to the assistant superintendent of the board. The sum of \$1,286,000 has been loaned to the settlers for the purchase of land, stock and equipment, \$800,000 having been paid in 1919, when the department and re-establishment of returned soldiers was at its height, and the sum of \$3,260,000 since the first of January, 1920. Of the 2,000 men who were placed, 1,825 settled on improved farms in homesteads, while 175 settled on unimproved lands in different parts of the province.

The Longest Telegram.

A telegram containing 12,386 words, and addressed to a firm in Los Angeles, California, was handed in on the night of June 19, at the New York office of the Western Union Telegraph Company. It was sent to the operating room unheeded, transmitted as sections to Los Angeles and seven separate telegraph circuits, and delivered at 10 a.m. on June 24.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Expeller always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

British Plan to Irrigate Alberta

Project Will Cover One-Fifth of Irrigable Area in Dominion.

The Right Hon. Sir Charles Hobbins, of London, England, has just returned to Montreal from a tour of the great irrigation canal in Alberta, extending for 100 miles between Calgary and Medicine Hat. The plans contemplated by the British syndicate interested, said Sir Charles, will embrace the building of another canal of equal extent. The undertaking to date has involved an expenditure of between \$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000, in construction and improvements. By actually going to the ground Sir Charles was much impressed with the magnitude of the enterprise. From an engineering standpoint alone it represented a work of great importance. In its completed state the project will cover one-fifth of the total irrigable area in the Dominion of Canada.

One of the things remarked upon by Sir Charles was the contrast between the bare desert of the great arid areas in which the water is carried and the luxuriant fertility of the soil where the water has already been brought from it. About 400 acres have been brought under irrigation, and the value of the crops to be seen there, when Sir Charles visited the work, was estimated between \$20,000 and \$30,000, and this, he said, was not on soil expected to produce the very best results. There are quite a number of settlers going into the irrigated lands and the expectation was, that about by the beginning of next year.

Strike Leader Released.

Winning—R. E. Bray, one of the Winnipeg strike leaders, was released from the provincial jail here. He was met by a few friends, but there was no public demonstration. Bray

was sentenced to six months for being a "common nuisance," but two weeks was taken from his sentence for good conduct while at the jail farm.

HEART SO BAD WAS NOT SAFE TO LEAVE HER ALONE

Miss Eva P. Vanden, Krugersdorf, Ont., writes:—"I feel that I must write and tell you the best thing I have received from Milbourn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was taken terribly ill with my heart, nerves and failing eyesight and was down in bed for about six months. I doctor with different doctors and seemed to get better, although the failing spells would not leave me. I would take such terrible doses of medicine that I was not safe to leave me alone at any time. At last I decided to resort to proprietary medicine and took several different kinds, but seemed to receive no benefit. I then read an advertisement of Milbourn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and before I had taken more than two boxes I could see they were helping me. I have taken about ten boxes and am almost cured of these terrible spells. I sincerely feel that you must, and I advise any one who has their heart to try them, as I am confident they will find relief. I have taken Milbourn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I enclose receipt of price for The I. Moore Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

W. N. U. 1325

THE REAL TEST

of home baked food comes when the second helping is offered. The appearance, texture and taste of food raised with

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

is bound to be pleasing and satisfactory in every sense. Magic is an economical and healthful leavener, and because of its uniformity in strength and results, has justly earned its reputation of being Canada's Perfect Baking Powder.

Send name and address for free copy of "The Magic Way" containing selected recipes, many of which are illustrated in colors.

E. W. Gillett Company Limited, Toronto, Canada

Crop Outlook in the Okanagan.

Whilst it is estimated that the production of apples in the Vernon, British Columbia district will this year fall somewhat below that of 1919, it is stated, will double last year's crop, and the peaches, cherries and figs will maintain last season's figures. Oranges and tangerines have a larger acreage this season than ever in the history of the district, and the output of all three are expected to constitute records.

An Old Withered Alcohol—Some of my many treasured have been a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils contains the famous Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting. There is no individual oil compounded so that this oil is in its preventive and healing power.

Great Agricultural Wealth.

The gross value of the agricultural products of the Dominion of Canada, officially estimated at \$7,739,299,000. The total estimated agricultural production for the year was \$1,925,841,000. The value of farm land throughout the Dominion \$2,792,250,000, buildings at \$928,548,000, implements, \$387,079,000, farm livestock, \$1,296,602,000.

Snow In Ontario.

Ottawa—There was a fall of snow at Tecumseh, Ont., according to Dr. T. B. Davies, who passed through that section of the north country on his way to Hull. The fall, say early in the season, is looked upon to be the forerunner of a very severe winter.

Mindard's Liment Relieves Neuralgia

The Royal Georges. Of our countrymen General George, the first died sixty years ago, the second seventy-seven years, the third eighty-two years, and the fourth sixty-eight years. King George V. is now fifty-five.

ECZEMA

Let "DANDERINE" BEAUTIFY HAIR

Girls! Have a mass of long, thick, gleamy hair

MOTHER!

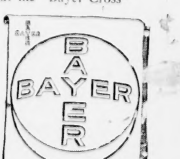
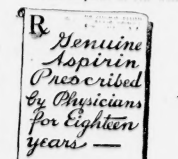
"California's Group of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California's Group of Figs" only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is healthy, happy and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. California's delicious, firm, taste, mild directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. You must say "California."

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" identifies the tablets proper directions for children, genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin Headquarters, Toronto, Canada, New York, London, Birmingham, Nottingham, and now made in Canada. In the Joint Patent and Patent Office, a box of 12 tablets costs 12 cents. There is only one Aspirin—Bayer's—You must say "Bayer!" Aspirin is the trade name. Aspirin is a chemical name. Bayer is a name. Bayer is the name of the manufacturer, to make the tablets. Bayer is the name of the Bayer Cross. Bayer is the name of the Bayer Cross. Bayer is the name of the Bayer Cross.

Schools of Agriculture Making for Efficiency Of the Coming Farmer

The world has no other place for the modernized man than the farm. There, any excess for the boy who has not had some schooling. Schools of various conditions and kinds are found in every state. In the past, the cities of Canada first class might have been the only place where a boy could get a good education. But now, the cities and girls alike, while in the country, there are technical schools. Where boys and girls are taught everything needed to enable them to make a success of life.

In 1914, the Province of Alberta established — at Vermilion, Canada — the first of its kind, a school of agriculture; to-day there are four; to-morrow there will be six, one each at Raymond and Gladwin, opening in connection with the irrigation demonstration farms already established there. They have as principals, practical, experienced farmers, who have as their assistants, equally practical specialists in all lines of agricultural education, including, poultry, cotton, grain, dairy, chemistry and in fact, everything that will give the boy such knowledge and practice that will enable him to make the business of farming a pleasure and more profitably occupying activity.

Progressive farmers, who recognize the necessity of giving their boys and girls the best possible educational advantages as preparation for whatever life they may elect to follow, and here is education along attractive and practical lines. By locating these schools on government demonstration farms, practical demonstration of crops, diseases of plants is at hand. In addition, good experimental plots are set aside on 20 acres on each farm, where modern methods of cultivation and use of the land.

Could the hired man or boy of earlier days take up the farmer's work, and run a farm as well as modern? Could he handle the modern tools and machinery? Could he construct a schoolhouse? Replace a front door? A fence? A gate, or the hundred and one other things that are required in the operation of a farm?

Could the hired man of earlier days, with the modern tools and machinery, sharpen a plow? Manufacture a chain? Bind up a book? A clevis? A clip? A whiffletree? A wagon box iron? A wheel connection? Care for the horse's feet and shoe him, and other frequently occurring repairs jobs that are part and parcel of farm life? Could the hired man tell what his four-thousandth bush of dairy cows or champion stallion when it falls sick, or a possible treatment to restore it to health and productivity? Or judge your cattle and horses for soundness and quality? Of course, he could not.

Canada and the Seven Seas

British Columbia Shipping Assuming Large Proportions.

The Minister of Marine for Canada states that the export trade from British Columbia is only in its infancy. The Government are at present planning to build a new port at Vancouver, and also to the United Kingdom. These ships so far have had to difficulty in obtaining large cargo space. The Canadian Merchant Marine will operate a line to India on November 1st. They have now under consideration running ships from British Columbia ports to West Africa, to South America and the West Indies. When all their ships are completed, the Government will have sixteen in commission at 12,000 net tonnage which will be operated from British Columbia ports.

Rubber Trade Hundred Years Old. The hundredth birthday of rubber as an article of commerce was celebrated on June 11th, 1915, at the city of London, England. It was the first of the rubber trade in the world. In the spring of 1820, rough lumps of "caoutchouc" (pronounced "koo") in gummy India rubber, the original name, began arriving in Britain, not solely as curiosities.

Teacher—"Name something of importance existing to-day that was not in existence 100 years ago."

Small Pupil—"Me!"

Maps And Their Making

British Has Been Very Carefully Charted to Sea Detail. Map making is an industry that is little known, although extremely important, says T. G. Bliss.

The oldest map in existence is in the history of the world. It is a fragment of papyrus covered with lines and paint markings, and it gives, however, the rivers, the crocodiles, fish swimming in them. It dates from 1370 B.C.

There is a curious map of the world in the library of Hereford Cathedral. It is six feet four inches high, and five feet wide, drawn on vellum, and enclosed in a case with locking doors.

Map making has now reached such a degree of perfection and accuracy that one can locate every tree in the most remote village in the United Kingdom.

The whole of the British Isles have been surveyed, and the results of this work are now being used in the Ordnance survey since 1824, and this work goes on continuously.

At the headquarters of the Ordnance Survey, in London, the work can see the work of map making being carried out from the actual surveying of the land to the reproduction of the map by lithography.

The process is roughly as follows: First the land must be surveyed, every inch of it, and every inch measured and every elevation recorded, every slight elevation recorded.

The size and area of every object must be found, and the position of the object or direction which these faces must be gauged accurately. When the field work is completed, the map is drawn. The surveyors are on different scales—one inch, two inch, six inch. Some of the towns have been surveyed, and a scale of inches is used. These maps show every house, hedge, or tree.

The engraving of maps is done on copper plates. It is possible for all plates to be skilfully revised and altered, and so brought up to date. The printing must be done from lithographic stones, but these have now been discarded for certain purposes, which when heated by a certain process, produce a much more accurate and sensitive medium.

By the use of different aluminum plates it is possible to print maps in many colors. The principle is that on paper suspended by exposure to light.

It is no uncommon thing for thirty or forty draughtsmen to be employed on one map. One man may be a specialist in town drawing, another in indicating natural features of the country, etc., and so on.

The marvelous character of each colored portion of a map is due to the fact that the color is a very large scale, and later reduced by photography.

The most extraordinary map ever made is in the Lorraine. It was prepared by the late Czar of Russia to the French nation. Made of gold and studded with diamonds, it is valued at a half million francs.

Its value is supposed to be about \$150,000. This map measured forty inches square, and is framed in plate colored jasper. The sea is represented by pale marble, and the cities and towns by precious stones.

Employment for Returned Soldiers

Physically Sound Veterans Now Have Civilian Status.

That the employment of returned soldiers physically fit should be reduced in the future is a serious problem. It is the policy now adopted by the Department of Soldiers' civil re-establishment. Now that the employment of returned soldiers is being considered, it is a serious problem. It is the policy now adopted by the Department of Soldiers' civil re-establishment. Now that the employment of returned soldiers is being considered, it is a serious problem. It is the policy now adopted by the Department of Soldiers' civil re-establishment.

It is not meant to apply strictly to such as have been in military hospitals. Some 4,000 patients are still being treated in the army and navy hospitals, 1,200 insane and 103 incurable. The others are mostly surgical cases.

Manitoba Wheat.

Manitoba's wheat crop this year is worth approximately \$112,000,000 to the producers. This is the estimated value reached by the crop, according to the report of the provincial Department of Agriculture on crop conditions. This gives an average yield of 17.5 bushels to the acre, and an estimated average sown to wheat is 2,687,000 acres, giving a total estimated crop of 47,002,500.

The West's Big Crop

This Year's Wheat Yield Estimated at 200,000,000 Bushels.

The Dominion Government estimates that the yield of wheat in the three prairie provinces this year will be 200,000,000 bushels as compared with 193,000,000 bushels in 1919. It is also estimated that the total yield of oats will be 150,000,000 bushels, 64,000,000 and of flax about 8,000,000 bushels.

Manitoba's yield of wheat is estimated at 40,800,000 bushels; Saskatchewan's, 138,880,000; and Alberta's, 82,902,000. The Manitoba yield is a decline of about half a million bushels, but Saskatchewan and Alberta and the east are up about 45,000,000 bushels.

Alberta will have the largest crop in the history of the province. The total wheat crop in 1915 was 60,000,000 bushels valued at \$70,000,000. In 1919 the yield was \$45,000,000 valued at \$63,300,000. The latest federal official estimate of this year's crop is 82,902,000, which, taken at \$2, \$20 a bushel, will bring the total value of the huge sown of \$175,272,000. This means, in other words, that the bumper yield of 1915, with this year, be increased over four-fold in monetary value, assuming that approximately the present price of wheat holds.

Returns from threshing in Western Canada give proof that the grain this year is grading much higher than last year. The average for the season past. This is one of the factors which will render the western crop much more valuable than usual. The average for the season past. This is one of the factors which will render the western crop much more valuable than usual.

Frost either in the concluding weeks of August or at the beginning of September have been a spoiler for the grain. The average for the season past. This is one of the factors which will render the western crop much more valuable than usual.

The northern part of the provinces and the greater part of the west has been normal. The average for the season past. This is one of the factors which will render the western crop much more valuable than usual.

Wealth of Northland

Over 2,300,000 Bushels Grain in Northern Alberta.

Between two million five hundred thousand and three million bushels will be the total yield of all grain in the country north of Edmonton, including the farming territories, the provinces of Saskatchewan, Manitoba and British Columbia, the Alberta and Great Waterways line, according to estimates prepared by railway authorities.

The whole will be of an exceptionally high standard in regard to quality, and railway officials anticipate that the northern railway system will be in a good state of repair and equally adequate to remove the grain crops.

Spokane crops are reported at Peace River, at Lake Sakatchewan and in the Grand Prairie District. Territory lying between the Peace River and the Red River, the celebrated Waterbury District, are termed wonderful by farmers themselves. As far north as the Peace River, alfalfa, crops are also said to exist, with cutting operations proceeding as a result of the present favorable weather conditions.

Threshing has started in many places and its completion will complete the harvest of what is now being harvested. At the same time, however, railway officials declare it to be conservative.

U.S. Admires Our Housing Plan.

A special article on the housing question, published in the New York World, urging the giving of a "hook," as it were, "to what Canada has done." Writing from Ottawa, the World's special correspondent says: "Our business-like little neighbor has tackled the housing problem and taken a fall out of it."

W. N. O. 1,335

Manitoba Community Clubs Doing Splendid Work in Rural Districts

To develop in the members of the community clubs the habit of living together in the spirit of the golden rule is the high ideal of the community clubs movement in Canada. Excluding the highly suggestive of sectionalism or "sectarianism," this organization, though yet in the first stages of growth, has been of inestimable benefit to the citizens of every community in which a branch has been established, especially in rural districts. Through the foundation of its aims and ideals a spirit of co-operation has been formed among the many and varied institutions of country districts which has resulted in the preservation of the community centre, the sharing of community clubs, and the betterment of community conditions.

The inception of the community club idea in Manitoba was spontaneous, and there are already existing in the province thirty-four organizations in a flourishing condition.

The work of the clubs has been of especial benefit in the rural districts, where the isolation and lack of social intercourse so often accompanying the life of early settlement have been largely offset by the workings of the clubs.

Alberta's Resources

Industrial Growth of West

Just Beginning to Realize the Potential Wealth of the Prairie Provinces.

Industrial development in Western Canada is proceeding at a rate little appreciated by people generally. The provincial governments in the prairie provinces are realizing as never before the possibilities of their natural resources. To-day there are more than 200 factories and manufacturing plants in the prairie provinces. The Manufacturers' Association, located west of the Great Lakes, whereas twenty years ago there was not one. There are 208 electrical generating stations in Alberta giving employment to 4,171 people. In Saskatchewan, 1918, there were 1,422 manufacturing plants, with a capital of \$29,726,200, employing 8,188 persons and distributing to wages and salaries in 1918, \$1,422,000,000. The mineral resources of Saskatchewan include natural gas, sodium sulphate, chrome, nickel, and cobalt, and gold, and the potentialities of the prairie provinces represent a potential asset of great value and are awaiting development.

It is estimated that a railway built to Meadow Lake would bring out at least 800 carloads of fish from the northern lakes of Saskatchewan each season. A crew of 100 fishermen last year caught 200,000 pounds of whitefish in Buffalo Lake. Buffalo Lake is only one of the many smaller lakes in the northern part of Saskatchewan.

China's Coal Fields

Could Keep World in Fuel for Many Centuries.

The disinterested British miners would do well to read, mark, learn and inwardly digest the fact that France has just bought 100,000 tons of coal from the Chinese government. This "deal" synchronizes with the admission given by all the South African shipping lines to burn coal from the transvaal mines, and is an indication of the trend of things incident to the exorbitant demands of London. China's coal supply is practically inexhaustible and is virtually unlimited. She has enough good coal to supply the whole of Europe at its present consumption of a billion tons a year for a thousand years. The coal-bearing areas of China have been estimated at more than 200,000 square miles, a territory twenty-five times the size of Wales, and it is a remarkable fact that instead of being limited to a few scattered districts, this vast supply of coal is found all over the Empire and in every province.

A Heavy Trench

Farmers to Pay \$140,000,000 on Wheat Crops.

Calgary, Alta.—The increased freight rates will make it costly on the part of the farmer to get his wheat to market. Grain shipments from Calgary, to the head of the Great Lakes will cost the shipper of wheat just 42 cents per one hundred pounds. On shipments to the coast the cost will be 70 cents per one hundred pounds. Experts have figured that if Alberta farmers alone will contribute \$140,000,000 additional to the railway as a result of the new rate.

The Ex-Kaiser's Will.

William of Hohenzollern, former German emperor, has written a new will, and it is expected that he will be the last Kaiser of Germany. He has entrusted it to the keeping of Noury Schirout, at Amenogon, says a Dorn dispatch to the Daily Mail.

More than 70,000 mines were laid in the North Sea.

One Cent Sale

All this week we are selling guaranteed Hot Water Bottles, Regular value \$2.50 at 2 for \$2.51

A necessity for the winter-time, for comfort and health.

W. M. Marshall

Where the Good Goods Come From THE REGILL STORE STRATHMORE

Save for your Son's Career

YOUR son's measure of success in life depends largely on the preparation you make to-day. He will have to be properly trained and educated. Are you accumulating the necessary money?

Start a savings account on the boy's behalf with us today.

\$1.00 deposited every week for 10 years, with interest at 4 per cent compounded semi-annually, will amount to \$100.00.

Strathmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes, J. L. Van Tighem, Manager. London Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes, A. L. Smart, Acting Manager. Branches also at Stouffville and Carleton Place.

BUY AN IRRIGATED FARM FROM

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and insures good crops, not occasionally, but every year. Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which insures good returns in dairying and mixed farming. Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community. Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligent is applied.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm in 10 or 15 years. For full particulars, apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, General Super. of Lands, Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, Calgary, Alberta.

Your New Home

We are here to help you with the plans of your new home and we give you rock bottom prices on your lumber.

Do not fail to consult us before deciding.

CROWN LUMBER CO., LTD.

L. B. O. LONNELL, MGR.

King Edward Hotel, Strathmore

Notice Special Rates

Steam Heated and Sanitary Rooms

Sixteen Dollars per Month

Arthur Westmorland, Manager

Strathmore Shoe Hospital

Workmanship Guaranteed.

C. N. MERRINGS, PROPRIETOR

Carceland Notes

Mr. Geo. Coyle, manager of the Union Bank, has returned from a short holiday.

Our local restaurateur, Won Sing, has gone to Vancouver, and is bringing back with him a blushing bride. The boys are going to entertain on their return.

Rev. Mr. Cook, our new minister, was called to Edmonton on account of the illness of a relative, but returned on Tuesday.

A medical practitioner was here on a visit last week, with the idea of locating, but we understand since, he has decided to open up practice at Grains.

Grains is still pouring into the elevators. There has been a slight car shortage, but no serious.

Mr. Mike Brown's new house is nearing completion, and he is expected to have it in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Coyle are giving a social evening on Thursday in honor of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Brown, whose marriage took place recently.

Mr. Norman J. Mutch, local C.P.R. Agent, who has been on a three-week visit to Ontario, returned last week. His journey back he went through the Western States.

Mr. Newall, his assistant, has left for Tompkins, Saskatchewan, where he will be relieving for some time.

U.F.A. MEETING

Saturday, October 23, 1920

Appointment of Secretary

Grain Prices Will Be Discussed.

The Churches

UNION CHURCH SERVICES

Rev. Thos. Phillips, S. T. L. Pastor.

Thursday, 8 p.m. Choir practice. It is desired that all members be present.

Friday, 8 p.m. Jr. Choir practice. Evening, 7:30 p.m. Junior Christian Endeavour Social Evening.

11 a.m. Public Worship: "Sin of Invidiousness"

12 a.m. Sunday School and Bible Class. 7:30 p.m. Public Worship, Subject: "Protecting Our Homes"

Nomaka 2:30 p.m. Public Worship and Sunday School.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet next week, Thursday 28th, at the home of Mrs. Tucker. All ladies of the congregation invited.

St. Michael and All Angels' Church

LIST OF SERVICES Holy Communion

8:20 a.m. on the 2nd, 4th, and 5th Sunday in the month.

11 a.m. on 1st and 3rd Sundays in the month.

Matins and Sermon

11 a.m. Every Sunday.

2 p.m. Sunday School.

4 p.m. Holy Baptism.

Evensong and Sermon

8:00 p.m. Evensong and Choir practice every Friday.

HENRY MONTGOMERY, M.A. Incumbent.

Church Warden

E. R. Bailey

Two ladies will be given of special services on Thursdays and Fridays. The choir in the Church are free and uncompensated, and exclusively welcome.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Rev. M. P. MURPHY

STRATHMORE HOSPITAL

This institution is fully equipped to meet the needs of emergency or maternity cases.

Rates, \$2.50 to \$5.00 per day

Apply to Nurse WILLIAMS For Particulars.

Business Cards

STRATHMORE CARTAGE CO.

Draying & Contracting

Prompt attention to every Order.

Rates Reasonable

CHAS. KEELING, Prop.

Chase & Co.

UNDERTAKERS

EMBALMERS, ETC.

Phone 78 Strathmore.

KIN: EDWARD LIVERY FEED & SALE STABLES

DRAYING AND CONTRACTING

GOOD DRIVING TEAMS

H. AKKERMAN, Proprietor

JOHN TAYLOR BLACKSMITH

We have now got a supply of gas for OXYACETYLENE WELDING

and have been promised a steady supply in future.

Terms Cash

STRATHMORE

E. E. ZERKLE COAL DEALER

Galt Coal Always on Hand

Imperial Oil & Gasoline

Phone 32 Strathmore

INVEST YOUR SAVINGS IN

GOLD BONDS

of the Province of Alberta

6 per cent interest

For information call on Provincial Agent.

F. R. LILLY

Town Hall

Insurance of All Kinds Handled.

"Me too, Mother!"

"I want a child of blood and butter."

This little boy knows what to feed his future when he enters the future.

Heard in town last week. Just now in the air.

A hot child is then and sweet and safe and charming is found in nature. He is a real satisfying food.

Heard in town last week. Just now in the air.

Order of sale will be as follows: starting from No. 1 on ground lot and continuing in the end.

A full list of properties to be sold may be found in The Standard and New Valley Standard under date of September 15th and 22nd 1920.

Dated at Kamoka the 15th day of September 1920.

D. W. POWERS, Secretary Treasurer.

NOTICE OF TAX SALE

State of lands in the Municipal District of Kamoka No. 249.

Notice is hereby given that certain lands in the Municipal District of Kamoka No. 249, Province of Alberta, will be offered for sale for arrears of taxes and costs, unless the said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid.

Sale to be held at the Municipal Office, situated on section 7, T. 26, R. 25, W. 6th N., Wednesday, 10th day of November 1920 at 2 o'clock.

Order of sale will be as follows: starting from No. 1 on ground lot and continuing in the end.

A full list of properties to be sold may be found in The Standard and New Valley Standard under date of September 15th and 22nd 1920.

Dated at Kamoka the 15th day of September 1920.

FRATERNAL

Strathmore Lodge No. 53

A. F. and A. M.

Regular meetings, Monday, on or before the full moon.

Next meeting Monday, September 27th

H. F. McDonald, Secretary

S. O. Lones, W. Master

Strathmore G.W.V.A.

Regular meeting third Tuesday of each month

In Oddfellow's Hall. All returned men are welcomed as members.

P. NAISMITH, Secretary

D. FRENCH, President

Strathmore Lodge No. 79, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday at 8 p.m.

Lodge Hall above W. E. Brown's Furniture Store. Is for hire for meetings. Apply W. E. Marshall.

T. Philips, Recording Secy.

H. Forward, Noble Grand

Legal & Professional

J. J. PETRIE

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

Suite 2, Mills Block, 222a 5th Ave W. Calgary.

Strathmore every Saturday

Lambert Block

MORICE DE LONG

Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.

124 7th Ave E. Calgary

will be in Carceland each Friday.

Office—Union Bank

CARSLAND.

Dr. J. M. Brand

VETERINARY SURGEON

OFFICE

NEXT DOOR POST OFFICE

Office Phone No. 56

RESIDENCE PHONE

TOWN OF STRATHMORE

NOTICE is hereby given that certain lands in the Town of Strathmore, in the Province of Alberta, will be offered for sale for arrears of taxes and costs, unless the said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid.

Sale to be held at the Municipal Office, situated on section 7, T. 26, R. 25, W. 6th N., Wednesday, 10th day of November 1920 at 2 o'clock.

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Dated at Kamoka the 15th day of September 1920.

D. W. POWERS, Secretary Treasurer.

Miscellaneous Advis.

FOR SALE, large Mahogany Gramophone, American make, including records. In first-class shape. Apply Phone 1239 or Box 63, Strathmore. 20-10-20

FOR SALE, 320 acres, well improved, 2 miles from Strathmore. For particulars apply Strathmore T. Office, write box 21, Strathmore. 20-10-20

FOR SALE, New Overland Roadster, less than 200 miles. - 20-10-20

FOR SALE, Full size Pool Table, cues and balls complete, in perfect condition except cloth is not new. Apply F. T. McElhiney. 10-10-20

WANTED TO BUY, Poultry every description, Veal, Pork, Eggs, etc. Calgary prices paid. Cash. Apply Miller Edwards of Grail. 10-10-20

FOR SALE, one small house and lot close in. House one room 14 x 18, plastered, double floor, warm, 1 room 10 x 18. House is not sold by October 26th. It will be sold in Auction on that date. Apply H. H. Seymour. 10-20-20

FOR SALE, one Car Grain Loader, equipped with engine. Present value about \$150, will sell for \$125.00. Apply E. E. Green. 10-20-20

FOR SALE, Carry Sale, Apply F. T. McElhiney. 10-20-20

FOR SALE, Small Combination Threshing outfit, in good running order. Cheap for cash. Apply T. H. Elves, Strathmore. 10-20-20

"GROSSLY HOUSE", third street for sale or for rent. Apply T. H. Elves, Strathmore. 10-20-20

FOR SALE, Farm with 1000000 equipment, 125 acres cultivated, 65 acres summered. For terms apply T. H. Williamson, 1 mile south and west of Strathmore. 2-10-20

FOR SALE, Improved Farm, 250 acres one mile from Kamoka, 150 acres broken, 110 of which was cropped this year. Balance new breaking. All new land, about 40 more can be broken. \$1500 cash, balance C.P.R. contract for quick sale. Apply McKinnon Bros. Kamoka. 20-10-20

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, For Sale! Bought new two months ago. Cheap if sold quick. Apply leaving Strathmore. To be seen Mrs. Sylvia Jones, Railway Avenue, Strathmore. Apply J. Van Kesteren. 27-10-20

For Private Sale

Land, Implements, Stock

Poultry, etc.

1 Oliver living Plover, suitable bottom: 1 John Deere Gang Breaker Bottom: 1 16 in. Shilly Plover Breaker Bottom: 1 McCormack Vagon, 24 x 24. 10 bushel bin and brake, 1 John Deere Binder, 2 Sows and 5 Pigs, Hens, 1 Mrs. Sylvia Jones, Railway Avenue, Strathmore. Apply J. Van Kesteren. 27-10-20

2 Yearling Friesian, 2 Milk Cows, 1 Yearling Steer, 1 Yearling Heifer and 1 Heifer Calf, 1 Good Coyote Hounds, also one-half section raw land, at Kamoka price. Apply 10-20-20

H. C. SUTTON.

11 mt. E. and 1 N. of Strathmore. W. 10-20-20

TAX SALE

Sale of lands in the Municipal District of Bow Valley No. 216 for arrears of taxes.

NOTICE is hereby given that certain lands in the Municipal District of Bow Valley No. 216, will be offered for sale for arrears of taxes and costs, on Saturday the 10th day of November, 1920, at 11 a.m.

Full list of properties to be sold for taxes and costs, be under paid, be found in the issue of the Strathmore Standard of October the 15th, 1920. A full list may be had upon application to the Secretary.

Dated at Strathmore this 2nd day of October, 1920.

W. G. WAY, Treasurer.

TRAIN SERVICE

Strathmore, Effective Oct. 3.

No. 4 Eastbound 5:40 p.m.

No. 3 Westbound 6:45 p.m.

Train Canada

No. 5 Eastbound, in Calgary 6:10 p.m.

No. 7 Westbound in Calgary 10:05 a.m.